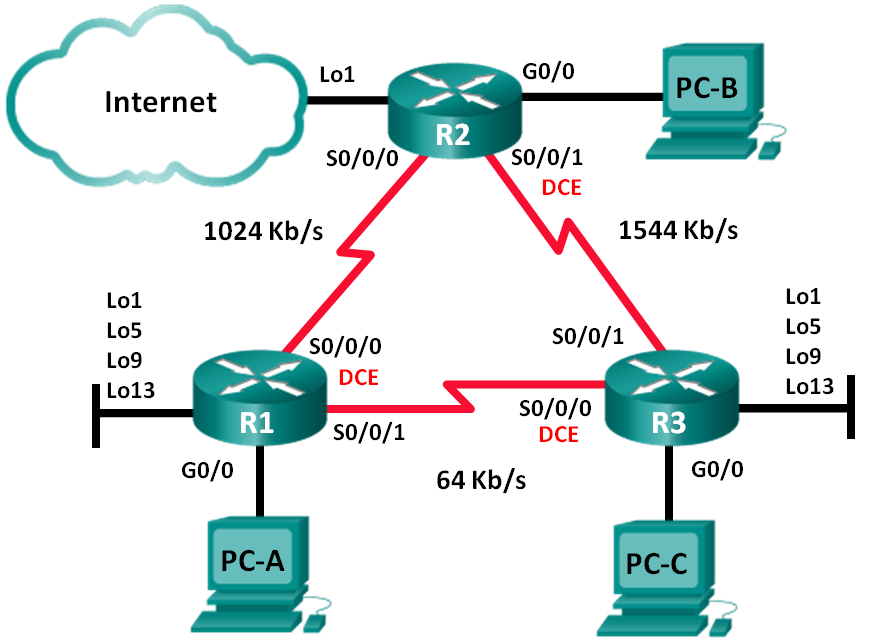
Lab – Configuring Advanced EIGRP for IPv4 Features (Instructor Version)

**Instructor Note**: Red font color or Gray highlights indicate text that appears in the instructor copy only.

1. Topology



1. Addressing Table

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Device | Interface | IP Address | Subnet Mask | Default Gateway |
| R1 | G0/0 | 192.168.1.1 | 255.255.255.0 | N/A |
|  | S0/0/0 (DCE) | 192.168.12.1 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
|  | S0/0/1 | 192.168.13.1 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
|  | Lo1 | 192.168.11.1 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
|  | Lo5 | 192.168.11.5 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
|  | Lo9 | 192.168.11.9 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
|  | Lo13 | 192.168.11.13 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
| R2 | G0/0 | 192.168.2.1 | 255.255.255.0 | N/A |
|  | S0/0/0 | 192.168.12.2 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
|  | S0/0/1 (DCE) | 192.168.23.1 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
|  | Lo1 | 192.168.22.1 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
| R3 | G0/0 | 192.168.3.1 | 255.255.255.0 | N/A |
|  | S0/0/0 (DCE) | 192.168.13.2 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
|  | S0/0/1 | 192.168.23.2 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
|  | Lo1 | 192.168.33.1 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
|  | Lo5 | 192.168.33.5 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
|  | Lo9 | 192.168.33.9 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
|  | Lo13 | 192.168.33.13 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A |
| PC-A | NIC | 192.168.1.3 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.1.1 |
| PC-B | NIC | 192.168.2.3 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.2.1 |
| PC-C | NIC | 192.168.3.3 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.3.1 |

1. Objectives

Part 1: Build the Network and Configure Basic Device Settings

Part 2: Configure EIGRP and Verify Connectivity

Part 3: Configure Summarization for EIGRP

* Configure EIGRP for automatic summarization.
* Configure manual summarization for EIGRP.

Part 4: Configure and Propagate a Default Static Route

Part 5: Fine-Tune EIGRP

* Configure bandwidth utilization for EIGRP.
* Configure the hello interval and hold timer for EIGRP.

Part 6: Configure EIGRP Authentication

1. Background / Scenario

EIGRP has advanced features to allow changes related to summarization, default route propagation, bandwidth utilization, metrics, and security.

In this lab, you will configure automatic and manual summarization for EIGRP, configure EIGRP route propagation, fine-tune EIGRP metrics, and use MD5 authentication to secure EIGRP routing information.

**Note**: The routers used with CCNA hands-on labs are Cisco 1941 Integrated Services Routers (ISRs) with Cisco IOS Release 15.2(4)M3 (universalk9 image). Other routers and Cisco IOS versions can be used. Depending on the model and Cisco IOS version, the commands available and output produced might vary from what is shown in the labs. Refer to the Router Interface Summary Table at this end of the lab for the correct interface identifiers.

**Note**: Ensure that the routers have been erased and have no startup configurations. If you are unsure, contact your instructor.

**Instructor Note**: Refer to the Instructor Lab Manual for the procedures to initialize and reload devices.

1. Required Resources

* 3 Routers (Cisco 1941 with Cisco IOS Release 15.2(4)M3 universal image or comparable)
* 3 PCs (Windows 7, Vista, or XP with terminal emulation program, such as Tera Term)
* Console cables to configure the Cisco IOS devices via the console ports
* Ethernet and serial cables as shown in the topology

1. Build the Network and Configure Basic Device Settings

In Part 1, you will set up the network topology and configure basic settings on the PC hosts and routers.

* 1. Cable the network as shown in the topology.
  2. Configure PC hosts.
  3. Initialize and reload the routers as necessary.
  4. Configure basic settings for each router.
     1. Disable DNS lookup.
     2. Configure device name as shown in the topology.
     3. Assign **cisco** as the console and vty passwords.
     4. Assign **class** as the privileged EXEC password.
     5. Configure **logging synchronous** to prevent console messages from interrupting command entry.
     6. Configure the IP address listed in the Addressing Table for all interfaces.

**Note**: Do **NOT** configure the loopback interfaces at this time.

* + 1. Copy the running configuration to the startup configuration.

1. Configure EIGRP and Verify Connectivity

In Part 2, you will configure basic EIGRP for the topology and set bandwidths for the serial interfaces.

**Note**: This lab provides minimal assistance with the actual commands necessary to configure EIGRP. However, the required commands are provided in Appendix A. Test your knowledge by trying to configure the devices without referring to the appendix.

* 1. Configure EIGRP.
     1. On R1, configure EIGRP routing with an autonomous system (AS) ID of 1 for all directly connected networks. Write the commands used in the space below.

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R1(config)# **router eigrp 1**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.1.0**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.12.0 0.0.0.3**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.13.0 0.0.0.3**

* + 1. For the LAN interface on R1, disable the transmission of EIGRP hello packets. Write the command used in the space below.

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R1(config-router)# **passive-interface g0/0**

* + 1. On R1, configure the bandwidth for S0/0/0 to 1024 Kb/s and the bandwidth for S0/0/1 to 64 Kb/s. Write the commands used in the space below. **Note**: The **bandwidth** command only affects the EIGRP metric calculation, not the actual bandwidth of the serial link.

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R1(config)# **interface s0/0/0**

R1(config-if)# **bandwidth 1024**

R1(config-if)# **interface s0/0/1**

R1(config-if)# **bandwidth 64**

* + 1. On R2, configure EIGRP routing with an AS ID of 1 for all networks, disable the transmission of EIGRP hello packets for the LAN interface, and configure the bandwidth for S0/0/0 to 1024 Kb/s.
    2. On R3, configure EIGRP routing with an AS ID of 1 for all networks, disable the transmission of EIGRP hello packets for the LAN interface, and configure the bandwidth for S0/0/0 to 64 Kb/s.
  1. Test connectivity.

All PCs should be able to ping one another. Verify and troubleshoot if necessary.

**Note**: It may be necessary to disable the PC firewall to ping between PCs.

1. Configure Summarization for EIGRP

In Part 3, you will add loopback interfaces to R1, enable EIGRP automatic summarization on R1, and observe the effects on the routing table for R2. You will also add loopback interfaces on R3.

* 1. Configure EIGRP for automatic summarization.
     1. Issue the **show ip protocols** command on R1. What is the default status of automatic summarization in EIGRP?

R1# **show ip protocols**

\*\*\* IP Routing is NSF aware \*\*\*

Routing Protocol is "eigrp 1"

Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set

Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set

Default networks flagged in outgoing updates

Default networks accepted from incoming updates

EIGRP-IPv4 Protocol for AS(1)

Metric weight K1=1, K2=0, K3=1, K4=0, K5=0

NSF-aware route hold timer is 240

Router-ID: 192.168.13.1

Topology : 0 (base)

Active Timer: 3 min

Distance: internal 90 external 170

Maximum path: 4

Maximum hopcount 100

Maximum metric variance 1

Automatic Summarization: disabled

Maximum path: 4

Routing for Networks:

192.168.1.0

192.168.12.0/30

192.168.13.0/30

Passive Interface(s):

GigabitEthernet0/0

Routing Information Sources:

Gateway Distance Last Update

192.168.12.2 90 00:30:16

192.168.13.2 90 00:30:16

Distance: internal 90 external 170

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Automatic network summarization is disabled.

* + 1. Configure the loopback addresses on R1.
    2. Add the appropriate network statements to the EIGRP process on R1. Record the commands used in the space below.

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R1(config)# **router eigrp 1**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.11.0 0.0.0.3**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.11.4 0.0.0.3**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.11.8 0.0.0.3**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.11.12 0.0.0.3**

* + 1. On R2, issue the **show ip route** **eigrp** command. How are the loopback networks represented in the output?

R2# **show ip route eigrp**

Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area

N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2

E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP

i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area

\* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR

P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

D 192.168.1.0/24 [90/3014400] via 192.168.12.1, 00:14:58, Serial0/0/0

D 192.168.3.0/24 [90/2172416] via 192.168.23.2, 00:11:18, Serial0/0/1

192.168.11.0/30 is subnetted, 4 subnets

D 192.168.11.0 [90/3139840] via 192.168.12.1, 00:00:14, Serial0/0/0

D 192.168.11.4 [90/3139840] via 192.168.12.1, 00:00:14, Serial0/0/0

D 192.168.11.8 [90/3139840] via 192.168.12.1, 00:00:14, Serial0/0/0

D 192.168.11.12 [90/3139840] via 192.168.12.1, 00:00:14, Serial0/0/0

192.168.13.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets

D 192.168.13.0 [90/41024000] via 192.168.23.2, 00:06:11, Serial0/0/1

[90/41024000] via 192.168.12.1, 00:06:11, Serial0/0/0

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All subnetworks are listed in the routing table output.

* + 1. On R1, issue the **auto-summary** command inside the EIGRP process.

R1(config)# **router eigrp 1**

R1(config-router)# **auto-summary**

R1(config-router)#

\*Apr 14 01:14:55.463: %DUAL-5-NBRCHANGE: EIGRP-IPv4 1: Neighbor 192.168.13.2 (Serial0/0/1) is resync: summary configured

\*Apr 14 01:14:55.463: %DUAL-5-NBRCHANGE: EIGRP-IPv4 1: Neighbor 192.168.12.2 (Serial0/0/0) is resync: summary configured

\*Apr 14 01:14:55.463: %DUAL-5-NBRCHANGE: EIGRP-IPv4 1: Neighbor 192.168.13.2 (Serial0/0/1) is resync: summary up, remove components

R1(config-router)#67: %DUAL-5-NBRCHANGE: EIGRP-IPv4 1: Neighbor 192.168.12.2 (Serial0/0/0) is resync: summary up, remove components

\*Apr 14 01:14:55.467: %DUAL-5-NBRCHANGE: EIGRP-IPv4 1: Neighbor 192.168.12.2 (Serial0/0/0) is resync: summary up, remove components

\*Apr 14 01:14:55.467: %DUAL-5-NBRCHANGE: EIGRP-IPv4 1: Neighbor 192.168.13.2 (Serial0/0/1) is resync: summary up, remove components

How does the routing table on R2 change?

R2# **show ip route eigrp**

Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area

N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2

E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP

i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area

\* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR

P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

D 192.168.1.0/24 [90/3014400] via 192.168.12.1, 00:01:13, Serial0/0/0

D 192.168.3.0/24 [90/2172416] via 192.168.23.2, 00:15:58, Serial0/0/1

192.168.11.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets

D 192.168.11.0 [90/3139840] via 192.168.12.1, 00:01:13, Serial0/0/0

192.168.12.0/24 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 3 masks

D 192.168.12.0/24 [90/41536000] via 192.168.23.2, 00:01:13, Serial0/0/1

192.168.13.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks

D 192.168.13.0/24 [90/41024000] via 192.168.12.1, 00:01:13, Serial0/0/0

D 192.168.13.0/30 [90/41024000] via 192.168.23.2, 00:01:13, Serial0/0/1

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The 192.168.11.0 networks are summarized at their classful boundary.

* 1. Configure manual summarization for EIGRP.
     1. Configure the loopback addresses on R3.
     2. Add the appropriate network statements to the EIGRP process on R3.
     3. On R2, issue the **show ip route eigrp** command. How are the loopback networks from R3 represented in the output?

R2# **show ip route eigrp**

Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area

N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2

E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2

i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2

ia - IS-IS inter area, \* - candidate default, U - per-user static route

o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, H - NHRP, l - LISP

+ - replicated route, % - next hop override

Gateway of last resort is not set

D 192.168.1.0/24 [90/3014400] via 192.168.12.1, 00:11:50, Serial0/0/0

D 192.168.3.0/24 [90/2172416] via 192.168.23.2, 00:26:35, Serial0/0/1

192.168.11.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets

D 192.168.11.0 [90/3139840] via 192.168.12.1, 00:11:50, Serial0/0/0

192.168.12.0/24 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 3 masks

D 192.168.12.0/24 [90/41536000] via 192.168.23.2, 00:11:50, Serial0/0/1

192.168.13.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks

D 192.168.13.0/24 [90/41024000] via 192.168.12.1, 00:11:50, Serial0/0/0

D 192.168.13.0/30 [90/41024000] via 192.168.23.2, 00:11:50, Serial0/0/1

192.168.33.0/30 is subnetted, 3 subnets

D 192.168.33.0 [90/2297856] via 192.168.23.2, 00:00:19, Serial0/0/1

D 192.168.33.4 [90/2297856] via 192.168.23.2, 00:00:19, Serial0/0/1

D 192.168.33.8 [90/2297856] via 192.168.23.2, 00:00:19, Serial0/0/1

D 192.168.33.12 [90/2297856] via 192.168.23.2, 00:00:19, Serial0/0/1

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All subnetworks are listed in the routing table.

* + 1. Determine the summary EIGRP route for the loopback addresses on R3. Write the summary route in the space below.

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192.168.33.0 255.255.255.240

* + 1. For the serial interfaces on R3, issue the **ip summary-address eigrp 1** *network address subnet mask* command to manually summarize the networks.

R3(config)# **interface s0/0/0**

R3(config-if)# **ip summary-address eigrp 1 192.168.33.0 255.255.255.240**

R3(config-if)# **exit**

R3(config)# **interface s0/0/1**

R3(config-if)# **ip summary-address eigrp 1 192.168.33.0 255.255.255.240**

\*Apr 14 01:33:46.433: %DUAL-5-NBRCHANGE: EIGRP-IPv4 1: Neighbor 192.168.13.1 (Serial0/0/0) is resync: summary configured

\*Apr 14 01:33:46.433: %DUAL-5-NBRCHANGE: EIGRP-IPv4 1: Neighbor 192.168.23.1 (Serial0/0/1) is resync: summary configured

How does the routing table on R2 change?

R2# **show ip route eigrp**

Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area

N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2

E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2

i - IS-IS, su - IS-IS summary, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2

ia - IS-IS inter area, \* - candidate default, U - per-user static route

o - ODR, P - periodic downloaded static route, H - NHRP, l - LISP

+ - replicated route, % - next hop override

Gateway of last resort is not set

D 192.168.1.0/24 [90/3014400] via 192.168.12.1, 00:21:32, Serial0/0/0

D 192.168.3.0/24 [90/2172416] via 192.168.23.2, 00:36:17, Serial0/0/1

192.168.11.0/24 is subnetted, 1 subnets

D 192.168.11.0 [90/3139840] via 192.168.12.1, 00:21:32, Serial0/0/0

192.168.12.0/24 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 3 masks

D 192.168.12.0/24 [90/41536000] via 192.168.23.2, 00:21:32, Serial0/0/1

192.168.13.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks

D 192.168.13.0/24 [90/41024000] via 192.168.12.1, 00:21:32, Serial0/0/0

D 192.168.13.0/30 [90/41024000] via 192.168.23.2, 00:21:32, Serial0/0/1

192.168.33.0/28 is subnetted, 1 subnets

D 192.168.33.0 [90/2297856] via 192.168.23.2, 00:02:51, Serial0/0/1

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The 192.168.33.0 networks are summarized with a /28 mask.

1. Configure and Propagate a Default Static Route

In Part 4, you will configure a default static route on R2 and propagate the route to all other routers.

* + 1. Configure the loopback address on R2.
    2. Configure a default static route with an exit interface of Lo1.

R2(config)# **ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 Lo1**

* + 1. Use the **redistribute static** command within the EIGRP process to propagate the default static route to other participating routers.

R2(config)# **router eigrp 1**

R2(config-router)# **redistribute static**

* + 1. Use the **show ip protocols** command on R2 to verify the static route is being distributed.

R2# **show ip protocols**

\*\*\* IP Routing is NSF aware \*\*\*

Routing Protocol is "eigrp 1"

Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set

Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set

Default networks flagged in outgoing updates

Default networks accepted from incoming updates

Redistributing: static

EIGRP-IPv4 Protocol for AS(1)

Metric weight K1=1, K2=0, K3=1, K4=0, K5=0

NSF-aware route hold timer is 240

Router-ID: 192.168.23.1

Topology : 0 (base)

Active Timer: 3 min

Distance: internal 90 external 170

Maximum path: 4

Maximum hopcount 100

Maximum metric variance 1

Automatic Summarization: disabled

Maximum path: 4

Routing for Networks:

192.168.2.0

192.168.12.0/30

192.168.23.0/30

Passive Interface(s):

GigabitEthernet0/0

Routing Information Sources:

Gateway Distance Last Update

192.168.12.1 90 00:13:20

192.168.23.2 90 00:13:20

Distance: internal 90 external 170

* + 1. On R1, issue the **show ip route eigrp** **| include 0.0.0.0** command to view statements specific to the default route. How is the static default route represented in the output? What is the administrative distance (AD) for the propagated route?

R1# **show ip route eigrp | include 0.0.0.0**

Gateway of last resort is 192.168.12.2 to network 0.0.0.0

D\*EX 0.0.0.0/0 [170/3139840] via 192.168.12.2, 00:06:27, Serial0/0/0

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

As an externally learned EIGRP route:

D\*EX 0.0.0.0/0 [170/3139840] via 192.168.12.2, 00:06:27, Serial0/0/0

The administrative distance is 170 as it is an external EIGRP route.

1. Fine-Tune EIGRP

In Part 5, you will configure the percentage of bandwidth that can be used by an EIGRP interface and change the hello interval and hold timers for EIGRP interfaces.

* 1. Configure bandwidth utilization for EIGRP.
     1. Configure the serial link between R1 and R2 to allow only 75 percent of the link bandwidth for EIGRP traffic.

R1(config)# **interface s0/0/0**

R1(config-if)# **ip bandwidth-percent eigrp 1 75**

R2(config)# **interface s0/0/0**

R2(config-if)# **ip bandwidth-percent eigrp 1 75**

* + 1. Configure the serial link between R1 and R3 to allow 40 percent of the links bandwidth for EIGRP traffic.
  1. Configure the hello interval and hold timer for EIGRP.
     1. On R2, use the **show ip eigrp interfaces** **detail** command to view the hello interval and hold timer for EIGRP.

R2# **show ip eigrp interfaces detail**

EIGRP-IPv4 Interfaces for AS(1)

Xmit Queue PeerQ Mean Pacing Time Multicast Pending

Interface Peers Un/Reliable Un/Reliable SRTT Un/Reliable Flow Timer Routes

Se0/0/0 1 0/0 0/0 1 0/15 50 0

Hello-interval is 5, Hold-time is 15

Split-horizon is enabled

Next xmit serial <none>

Packetized sent/expedited: 29/1

Hello's sent/expedited: 390/2

Un/reliable mcasts: 0/0 Un/reliable ucasts: 35/39

Mcast exceptions: 0 CR packets: 0 ACKs suppressed: 0

Retransmissions sent: 0 Out-of-sequence rcvd: 0

Topology-ids on interface - 0

Interface BW percentage is 75

Authentication mode is not set

Se0/0/1 1 0/0 0/0 1 0/16 50 0

Hello-interval is 5, Hold-time is 15

Split-horizon is enabled

Next xmit serial <none>

Packetized sent/expedited: 34/5

Hello's sent/expedited: 382/2

Un/reliable mcasts: 0/0 Un/reliable ucasts: 31/42

Mcast exceptions: 0 CR packets: 0 ACKs suppressed: 2

Retransmissions sent: 0 Out-of-sequence rcvd: 0

Topology-ids on interface - 0

Authentication mode is not set

What is the default value for hello time? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5 seconds

What is the default value for hold time? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 15 seconds

* + 1. Configure S0/0/0 and S0/0/1 interfaces on R1 to use a hello interval of 60 seconds and a hold time of 180 seconds in that specific order.

R1(config)# **interface s0/0/0**

R1(config-if)# **ip hello-interval eigrp 1 60**

R1(config-if)# **ip hold-time eigrp 1 180**

R1(config)# **interface s0/0/1**

R1(config-if)# **ip hello-interval eigrp 1 60**

R1(config-if)# **ip hold-time eigrp 1 180**

* + 1. Configure the serial interfaces on R2 and R3 to use a hello interval of 60 seconds and a hold time of 180 seconds.
    2. Use the **show ip eigrp interfaces** **detail** command on R2 to verify configuration.

R2# **show ip eigrp interfaces detail**

EIGRP-IPv4 Interfaces for AS(1)

Xmit Queue PeerQ Mean Pacing Time Multicast Pending

Interface Peers Un/Reliable Un/Reliable SRTT Un/Reliable Flow Timer Routes

Se0/0/0 1 0/0 0/0 1 0/15 50 0

Hello-interval is 60, Hold-time is 180

Split-horizon is enabled

Next xmit serial <none>

Packetized sent/expedited: 38/1

Hello's sent/expedited: 489/4

Un/reliable mcasts: 0/0 Un/reliable ucasts: 40/48

Mcast exceptions: 0 CR packets: 0 ACKs suppressed: 0

Retransmissions sent: 0 Out-of-sequence rcvd: 0

Topology-ids on interface - 0

Interface BW percentage is 75

Authentication mode is not set

Se0/0/1 1 0/0 0/0 1 0/16 50 0

Hello-interval is 60, Hold-time is 180

Split-horizon is enabled

Next xmit serial <none>

Packetized sent/expedited: 45/5

Hello's sent/expedited: 481/2

Un/reliable mcasts: 0/0 Un/reliable ucasts: 46/55

Mcast exceptions: 0 CR packets: 0 ACKs suppressed: 2

Retransmissions sent: 0 Out-of-sequence rcvd: 0

Topology-ids on interface - 0

Authentication mode is not set

1. Configure EIGRP Authentication

In Part 6, you will create an authentication key on all routers and configure router interfaces to use MD5 authentication for EIGRP message authentication.

* 1. Configure authentication keys.
     1. On R1, use the **key chain** *name* command in global configuration mode to create a key chain with the label EIGRP-KEYS.

R1(config)# **key chain EIGRP-KEYS**

R1(config-keychain)# **key 1**

R1(config-keychain-key)# **key-string cisco**

* + 1. Complete the configuration on R2 and R3.
    2. Issue the **show key chain** command. You should have the same output on every router.
  1. Configure EIGRP link authentication.
     1. Apply the following commands to active EIGRP authentication on the serial interfaces on R1.

R1# **conf t**

R1(config)# **interface s0/0/0**

R1(config-if)# **ip authentication key-chain eigrp 1 EIGRP-KEYS**

R1(config-if)# **ip authentication mode eigrp 1 md5**

R1(config-if)# **interface s0/0/1**

R1(config-if)# **ip authentication key-chain eigrp 1 EIGRP-KEYS**

R1(config-if)# **ip authentication mode eigrp 1 md5**

* + 1. Activate EIGRP authentication on the serial interfaces on R2 and R3.
    2. On R2, use the **show ip eigrp interfaces** **detail** command to verify authentication.

R2# **show ip eigrp interfaces detail**

EIGRP-IPv4 Interfaces for AS(1)

Xmit Queue PeerQ Mean Pacing Time Multicast Pending

Interface Peers Un/Reliable Un/Reliable SRTT Un/Reliable Flow Timer Routes

Se0/0/0 1 0/0 0/0 1 0/23 50 0

Hello-interval is 60, Hold-time is 180

Split-horizon is enabled

Next xmit serial <none>

Packetized sent/expedited: 30/5

Hello's sent/expedited: 1163/5

Un/reliable mcasts: 0/0 Un/reliable ucasts: 25/34

Mcast exceptions: 0 CR packets: 0 ACKs suppressed: 0

Retransmissions sent: 0 Out-of-sequence rcvd: 0

Topology-ids on interface - 0

Authentication mode is md5, key-chain is "EIGRP-KEYS"

Se0/0/1 1 0/0 0/0 2 0/15 50 0

Hello-interval is 60, Hold-time is 180

Split-horizon is enabled

Next xmit serial <none>

Packetized sent/expedited: 31/1

Hello's sent/expedited: 1354/3

Un/reliable mcasts: 0/0 Un/reliable ucasts: 28/34

Mcast exceptions: 0 CR packets: 0 ACKs suppressed: 4

Retransmissions sent: 0 Out-of-sequence rcvd: 0

Topology-ids on interface - 0

Authentication mode is md5, key-chain is "EIGRP-KEYS"

1. Reflection
   1. What are the benefits of summarizing routes?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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Summarization can be used to limit the number of routing advertisements and the size of routing tables.

* 1. When setting EIGRP timers, why is it important to make the hold time value equal to or greater than the hello interval?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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If the hold time is less than the hello interval, the neighbor adjacency will go down.

* 1. Why is it important to configure authentication for EIGRP?

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Unauthenticated router updates create a security risk. Attackers could inject false route information into router updates to redirect traffic to create routing loops or to send traffic across unsecure links.

1. Router Interface Summary Table

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Router Interface Summary | | | | |
| Router Model | Ethernet Interface #1 | Ethernet Interface #2 | Serial Interface #1 | Serial Interface #2 |
| 1800 | Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0) | Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1) | Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0) | Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1) |
| 1900 | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0) | Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1) | Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0) | Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1) |
| 2801 | Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0) | Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1) | Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0) | Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1) |
| 2811 | Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0) | Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1) | Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0) | Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1) |
| 2900 | Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0) | Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1) | Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0) | Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1) |
| **Note**: To find out how the router is configured, look at the interfaces to identify the type of router and how many interfaces the router has. There is no way to effectively list all the combinations of configurations for each router class. This table includes identifiers for the possible combinations of Ethernet and Serial interfaces in the device. The table does not include any other type of interface, even though a specific router may contain one. An example of this might be an ISDN BRI interface. The string in parenthesis is the legal abbreviation that can be used in Cisco IOS commands to represent the interface. | | | | |

1. Appendix A: Configuration Commands
2. Router R1

R1(config)# **router eigrp 1**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.1.0**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.12.0 0.0.0.3**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.13.0 0.0.0.3**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.11.0 0.0.0.3**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.11.4 0.0.0.3**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.11.8 0.0.0.3**

R1(config-router)# **network 192.168.11.12 0.0.0.3**

R1(config-router)# **passive-interface g0/0**

R1(config)# **int s0/0/0**

R1(config-if)# **bandwidth 1024**

R1(config-if)# **int s0/0/1**

R1(config-if)# **bandwidth 64**

Router R2

R2(config)# **router eigrp 1**

R2(config-router)# **network 192.168.2.0**

R2(config-router)# **network 192.168.12.0 0.0.0.3**

R2(config-router)# **network 192.168.23.0 0.0.0.3**

R2(config-router)# **passive-interface g0/0**

R2(config)# **int s0/0/0**

R2(config-if)# **bandwidth 1024**

1. Router R3

R3(config)# **router eigrp 1**

R3(config-router)# **network 192.168.3.0**

R3(config-router)# **network 192.168.13.0 0.0.0.3**

R3(config-router)# **network 192.168.23.0 0.0.0.3**

R3(config-router)# **network 192.168.33.0 0.0.0.3**

R3(config-router)# **network 192.168.33.4 0.0.0.3**

R3(config-router)# **network 192.168.33.8 0.0.0.3**

R3(config-router)# **network 192.168.33.12 0.0.0.3**

R3(config-router)# **passive-interface g0/0**

R3(config)# **int s0/0/0**

R3(config-if)# **bandwidth 64**

1. Device Configs - R1, R2, and R3
2. Router R1

R1#show run

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 2378 bytes

!

version 15.2

service timestamps debug datetime msec

service timestamps log datetime msec

no service password-encryption

!

hostname R1

!

boot-start-marker

boot-end-marker

!

enable secret 4 06YFDUHH61wAE/kLkDq9BGho1QM5EnRtoyr8cHAUg.2

!

no aaa new-model

!

no ip domain lookup

ip cef

no ipv6 cef

!

multilink bundle-name authenticated

!

key chain EIGRP-KEYS

key 1

key-string cisco

!

!

redundancy

!

interface Loopback1

ip address 192.168.11.1 255.255.255.252

!

interface Loopback5

ip address 192.168.11.5 255.255.255.252

!

interface Loopback9

ip address 192.168.11.9 255.255.255.252

!

interface Loopback13

ip address 192.168.11.13 255.255.255.252

!

interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0

no ip address

shutdown

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/0

ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0

duplex auto

speed auto

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/1

no ip address

shutdown

duplex auto

speed auto

!

interface Serial0/0/0

bandwidth 1024

ip address 192.168.12.1 255.255.255.252

ip authentication mode eigrp 1 md5

ip authentication key-chain eigrp 1 EIGRP-KEYS

ip bandwidth-percent eigrp 1 75

ip hello-interval eigrp 1 60

ip hold-time eigrp 1 180

clock rate 2000000

!

interface Serial0/0/1

bandwidth 64

ip address 192.168.13.1 255.255.255.252

ip authentication mode eigrp 1 md5

ip authentication key-chain eigrp 1 EIGRP-KEYS

ip bandwidth-percent eigrp 1 40

ip hello-interval eigrp 1 60

ip hold-time eigrp 1 180

!

router eigrp 1

network 192.168.1.0

network 192.168.11.0 0.0.0.3

network 192.168.11.4 0.0.0.3

network 192.168.11.8 0.0.0.3

network 192.168.11.12 0.0.0.3

network 192.168.12.0 0.0.0.3

network 192.168.13.0 0.0.0.3

auto-summary

passive-interface GigabitEthernet0/0

!

ip forward-protocol nd

!

no ip http server

no ip http secure-server

!

control-plane

!

!

line con 0

password cisco

logging synchronous

login

line aux 0

line 2

no activation-character

no exec

transport preferred none

transport input all

transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh

stopbits 1

line vty 0 4

password cisco

login

transport input all

!

scheduler allocate 20000 1000

!

end

Router R2

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 2223 bytes

!

version 15.2

service timestamps debug datetime msec

service timestamps log datetime msec

no service password-encryption

!

hostname R2

!

boot-start-marker

boot-end-marker

!

enable secret 4 06YFDUHH61wAE/kLkDq9BGho1QM5EnRtoyr8cHAUg.2

!

no aaa new-model

!

no ip domain lookup

ip cef

no ipv6 cef

!

multilink bundle-name authenticated

!

key chain EIGRP-KEYS

key 1

key-string cisco

!

!

redundancy

!

interface Loopback1

ip address 192.168.22.1 255.255.255.252

!

interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0

no ip address

shutdown

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/0

ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0

duplex auto

speed auto

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/1

no ip address

shutdown

duplex auto

speed auto

!

interface Serial0/0/0

bandwidth 1024

ip address 192.168.12.2 255.255.255.252

ip authentication mode eigrp 1 md5

ip authentication key-chain eigrp 1 EIGRP-KEYS

ip bandwidth-percent eigrp 1 75

ip hello-interval eigrp 1 60

ip hold-time eigrp 1 180

!

interface Serial0/0/1

ip address 192.168.23.1 255.255.255.252

ip authentication mode eigrp 1 md5

ip authentication key-chain eigrp 1 EIGRP-KEYS

ip hello-interval eigrp 1 60

ip hold-time eigrp 1 180

clock rate 2000000

!

!

router eigrp 1

network 192.168.2.0

network 192.168.12.0 0.0.0.3

network 192.168.23.0 0.0.0.3

redistribute static

passive-interface GigabitEthernet0/0

!

ip forward-protocol nd

!

no ip http server

no ip http secure-server

!

ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 Loopback1

!

!

!

!

control-plane

!

!

!

line con 0

password cisco

logging synchronous

login

line aux 0

line 2

no activation-character

no exec

transport preferred none

transport input all

transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh

stopbits 1

line vty 0 4

password cisco

login

transport input all

!

scheduler allocate 20000 1000

!

end

Router R3

R3#show run

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 2456 bytes

!

version 15.2

service timestamps debug datetime msec

service timestamps log datetime msec

no service password-encryption

!

hostname R3

!

boot-start-marker

boot-end-marker

!

!

enable secret 4 06YFDUHH61wAE/kLkDq9BGho1QM5EnRtoyr8cHAUg.2

!

no aaa new-model

memory-size iomem 15

!

no ip domain lookup

ip cef

no ipv6 cef

!

key chain EIGRP-KEYS

key 1

key-string cisco

!

!

redundancy

!

interface Loopback1

ip address 192.168.33.1 255.255.255.252

!

interface Loopback5

ip address 192.168.33.5 255.255.255.252

!

interface Loopback9

ip address 192.168.33.9 255.255.255.252

!

interface Loopback13

ip address 192.168.33.13 255.255.255.252

!

interface Embedded-Service-Engine0/0

no ip address

shutdown

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/0

ip address 192.168.3.1 255.255.255.0

duplex auto

speed auto

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/1

no ip address

shutdown

duplex auto

speed auto

!

interface Serial0/0/0

bandwidth 64

ip address 192.168.13.2 255.255.255.252

ip authentication mode eigrp 1 md5

ip authentication key-chain eigrp 1 EIGRP-KEYS

ip bandwidth-percent eigrp 1 40

ip hello-interval eigrp 1 60

ip hold-time eigrp 1 180

ip summary-address eigrp 1 192.168.33.0 255.255.255.240

clock rate 2000000

!

interface Serial0/0/1

ip address 192.168.23.2 255.255.255.252

ip authentication mode eigrp 1 md5

ip authentication key-chain eigrp 1 EIGRP-KEYS

ip summary-address eigrp 1 192.168.33.0 255.255.255.240

ip hello-interval eigrp 1 60

ip hold-time eigrp 1 180

ip summary-address eigrp 1 192.168.33.0 255.255.255.240

!

!

router eigrp 1

network 192.168.3.0

network 192.168.13.0 0.0.0.3

network 192.168.23.0 0.0.0.3

network 192.168.33.0 0.0.0.3

network 192.168.33.4 0.0.0.3

network 192.168.33.8 0.0.0.3

network 192.168.33.12 0.0.0.3

passive-interface GigabitEthernet0/0

!

ip forward-protocol nd

!

no ip http server

no ip http secure-server

!

control-plane

!

!

line con 0

password cisco

logging synchronous

login

line aux 0

line 2

no activation-character

no exec

transport preferred none

transport input all

transport output pad telnet rlogin lapb-ta mop udptn v120 ssh

stopbits 1

line vty 0 4

password cisco

login

transport input all

!

scheduler allocate 20000 1000

!

end